



# Torlon<sup>®</sup> 5030

## polyamide-imide

Torlon 5030 is an 30% glass-fiber reinforced grade of polyamide-imide (PAI) resin. It offers high strength and modulus and exceptional creep resistance. It has thermal expansion characteristics similar to aluminum, and therefore excellent dimensional stability.

Torlon PAI has the highest strength and stiffness of any thermoplastic up to 275°C (525°F). It has outstanding resistance to wear, creep, and chemicals.

The mechanical properties of Torlon 5030 resin make it a candidate for metal replacement in high temperature, high stress applications. In addition, it offers outstanding electrical properties, which makes it ideal for high performance parts such as connectors, switches, and relays.

It is available in high flow (HF) and low flow (LF) injection molding grades, and an extrusion (E) grade.

### Typical Properties<sup>(1)</sup> by ASTM Test Methods

Property	Test Method	US Customary Units		SI Units	
<b>MECHANICAL</b>					
Tensile Strength	D 638	32.1	kpsi	221	MPa
	D 1708 <sup>(2)</sup>	29.7	kpsi	205	MPa
Tensile Modulus	D 638	2,110	kpsi	14.5	GPa
	D 1708 <sup>(2)</sup>	1,560	kpsi	10.8	GPa
Tensile Elongation	D 638	2.3	%	2.3	%
	D 1708 <sup>(2)</sup>	7	%	7	%
Flexural Modulus	D 790				
	at 23°C (73°F)	1,700	kpsi	11.7	GPa
	at 232°C (450°F)	1,430	kpsi	9.9	GPa
Flexural Strength	D 790				
	at 23°C (73°F)	48.3	kpsi	333	MPa
	at 232°C (450°F)	26.2	kpsi	181	MPa
Izod Impact Strength, Notched	D 256	1.5	ft-lb/in	80	J/m
Izod Impact Strength, Unnotched	D 4812	10	ft-lb/in	530	J/m
Compressive Strength	D 695	38.3	kpsi	264	MPa
Compressive Modulus	D 695	1,150	kpsi	7.9	GPa

Continued on following page

**Typical Properties<sup>(1)</sup> by ASTM Test Methods (continued)**

Property	Test Method	US Customary Units		SI Units	
<b>THERMAL</b>					
Heat Deflection Temperature	D 648				
at 264 psi (1.8 MPA)		539	°F	282	°C
Thermal Conductivity	C 177	2.5	Btu in/hr- ft <sup>2</sup> °F	0.37	W/mK
Coefficient of Thermal Expansion, flow direction	E 831	9	ppm/°F	16	ppm/°C
<b>ELECTRICAL</b>					
Dielectric Strength	D 149	840	V/mil	33	kV/mm
Dielectric Constant	D 150				
at 60 Hz		4.4		4.4	
at 1 MHz		4.2		4.2	
Dissipation Factor	D 150				
at 60 Hz		0.022		0.022	
at 1 MHz		0.050		0.050	
Volume Resistivity	D 257	2 x 10 <sup>17</sup>	ohm-cm	2 x 10 <sup>17</sup>	ohm-cm
Surface Resistivity	D 257	1 x 10 <sup>18</sup>	ohm	1 x 10 <sup>18</sup>	ohm
<b>GENERAL</b>					
Specific Gravity	D 792	1.61		1.61	
Water Absorption, 24 hours	D 570	0.24	%	0.24	%
Mold Shrinkage	D 955	0.10 - 0.25	%	0.10 - 0.25	%

<sup>(1)</sup> Property values for individual batches will vary within specification limits. Values shown are typical for uncolored resin; colorants may alter values.

<sup>(2)</sup> ASTM Test Method D1708 has been used to measure the tensile properties of PAI and similar materials because the small test specimen conserved material.

Today the most widely used specimen is the Type 1 bar of ASTM D638. These D1708 values are included for historical purposes and they should not be compared to the D638 values.

## Drying

Drying Torlon resin to a moisture content of 500 ppm or lower is required to avoid molding problems, such as brittle parts and foaming. The resin should be dried in a circulating air oven equipped with a desiccant system. Place the resin on drying trays in layers no more than 5 to 8 cm (2 to 3") deep. Minimum drying times are 3 hours at 175°C (350°F), 4 hours at 150°C (300°F), or 16 hours at 120°C (250°F). If drying at 175°C (350°F), limit drying time to 16 hours. Dessicant hopper dryers are recommended for the injection molding press.

## Standard Packaging and Labeling

Torlon 5030 resin is packaged in lined cardboard boxes containing 25 kg (55.115 pounds) of material. Individual packages will be plainly marked with the product number, color, lot number, and net weight.

### Injection Molding

The injection molding press should be equipped with a screw having a length to diameter (L/D) ratio between 18:1 and 24:1 and a compression ratio between 1:1 and 1.5:1. Check devices are not recommended.

Recommended barrel temperatures are 305°C (580°F) in the feed zone increasing to 370°C (700°F) at the nozzle. The mold temperature should be adjusted until the temperature of the surface measures between 200°C (390°F) and 215°C (420°F).

Set the injection pressure to achieve a rapid fill. On most machines, this will be near the maximum injection pressure available. Fill the entire mold with primary injection boost and then drop off to a hold pressure. Begin hold pressure at a high setting of 41 to 55 MPa (6,000 to 8,000 psi), for several seconds, then drop off to 21 to 35 MPa (3,000 to 5,000 psi), for the duration of the hold pressure sequence. This will help minimize or eliminate any internal porosity or sink. If part defects, such as blistering at the gate, color change and degradation, splay and surface delamination, or gas burning at the knit lines and vents, are encountered, the injection fill rate may be too high.

Use moderate back pressure, about 7 MPa (1,000 psi), and lower screw recovery speeds (50-100 rpm). Avoid intermittent feeding and screw slippage which can lead to overheating and possible polymer degradation.

Total cycle time should be as short as possible to reduce residence time in the barrel. Excessive residence time will cause an increase in melt viscosity, reducing flow.

Cycle time consistency is very important for successful molding for Torlon parts and automatic operation is highly recommended.

Molds should be designed for smooth part ejection, avoiding undercuts and providing adequate draft.

### Heat Treatment (Post-Cure) After Molding

Torlon polymers are unique in that they are supplied at a relatively low molecular weight to facilitate processing, and the molded parts must be heat treated to achieve a high molecular weight and optimum properties. The heat treatment process is commonly called post-cure and involves placing the molded articles in a forced air oven and subjecting them to a series of elevated temperatures for specific times. Consult the Torlon polyamide-imide Molding Guide for standard post-cure cycles or contact your Solvay Advanced Polymers' representative for the recommended heat treatment program for post-curing your molded article.

For assistance with an emergency involving products of Solvay Advanced Polymers, such as a spill, leak, fire, or explosion, call day or night:

### Emergency Health Information

**USA** +1.800.621.4590

**International** +1.770.772.8577

### Emergency Spill Information

**USA** +1.800.424.9300 / +1.703.527.3887 (CHEMTREC)

**Europe** +44 208.762.8322 (CARECHEM)

**China** +86.10.5100.3039

**All other Asian countries** +65.633.44.177

For additional product information, technical assistance, and Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS), call:

**USA** +1.800.621.4557 / +1.770.772.8760

**Europe** +49.211.5135.9000

**Japan** +81.3.5425.4300

**China & Southeast Asia** +86.21.5080.5080

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